Changes to How Teachers are Evaluated

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PAGE: OHEA FALL MEMBERSHIP SURVEY

2. All instructional certificated employees will be evaluated on a new system, phased in over three years, beginning in September of 2013. How would you rate your familiarity with changes to the evaluation system that are mandated by the legislature?

		Response Percent	Response Count
1 Low familiarity (I have very little idea of what the legislature has done that will change how teachers will be evaluated)		39.2%	65
2		32.5%	54
3		18.7%	31
4		9.6%	16
5 High familiarity (I feel that I'm fully informed of the legislature's actions to change how teachers will be evaluated)		0.0%	0
	ans	wered question	166

- Article 8 Evaluations
 - Evaluation Criteria
 - Required Evaluations
 - Observation Procedure
 - Long Form and Short Form/PGO (Professional Growth) Evaluations
 - Provisional teachers
 - Plans of Improvement
 - Probation
 - Due Process and Dismissal

- Appendix 7a
 - Evaluation Criteria & Indicators Certificated Classroom Teachers
- Appendix 8
 - Observation Report
- Appendix 9
 - Evaluation Report Certificated Classroom Teachers
- Appendix 7b
 - Evaluation Criteria & Indicators Certificated Support Personnel
- Appendix 10
 - Evaluation Report Certificated Support Personnel

- Appendix 7a
 - Evaluation Criteria & Indicators Certificated Classroom Teachers
- Appendix 8
 - Observation Report
- Appendix 9
 - Evaluation Report Certificated Classroom Teachers
- Appendix 7b
 - Evaluation Criteria Personnel
- Appendix 10
 Evaluation Report

The new evaluation system is for classroom teachers. We will still use the current evaluation system for librarians, speech pathologists, counselors, psychologists, etc.

Appendix 7a

- Evaluation Criteria & Indicators Certificated Classroom Teachers
 - Instructional Skill
 - Classroom Management
 - Professional Preparation and Scholarship
 - Effort Toward Improvement When Needed
 - Handling of Student Discipline and Attendant Problems
 - Interest in Teaching Pupils
 - Knowledge of Subject Matter
 - Professional Relationships

Long Form or Short Form/PGO

Long Form	Short Form/Professional Growth Option
Evaluation criteria	Professional Growth plan
Once every 5 years	4 years after Long Form
Two 30-minute observations	One 30-minute observation

Other observations, either scheduled or unscheduled

Other evidence of teacher performance

Two tiers: Satisfactory or Unsatisfactory

New Legislated Requirements

Teacher and Principal Evaluation (T-PEP)

- E2SSB 6696, effective, June 10, 2010
 - Requires development of new classroom teacher and principal four-level rating evaluation systems based on new statewide minimum criteria
 - Requires implementation in all school districts by 2013-14
- ESSB 5895, effective June 7, 2012
 - Extends and clarifies implementation
 - Requires multiple measures of student growth data
 - Redefines tenure

Major Changes

- Two-tier rating
 - 1. Unsatisfactory
 - 2. Satisfactory

- Short Form/PGO Evaluation
- Long Form Evaluation
 Once every five years

- Four-tier rating
 - 1. Unsatisfactory
 - 2. Basic
 - 3. Proficient
 - 4. Distinguished
- Focused Evaluation
- Comprehensive Evaluation
 - Once every four years

Current

New

Major Changes

- ▶ 7+1 Evaluation Criteria
 - Locally negotiated indicators

- 8 New Evaluation Criteria
 - Criterion definitions set by instructional framework

- One or two 30-minute observation(s)
- A minimum total of 60 minutes of observations
 - At least one 30-minute observation
 - Anacortes: four 45-minute observations

Current

New

1 Unsatisfactory

Professional practice at Level 1 shows evidence of not understanding the concepts underlying individual components of the criteria. This level of practice is ineffective and inefficient and may represent practice that is harmful to student learning progress, professional learning environment, or individual teaching or leading practice. This level requires immediate intervention.

2 Basic

Professional practice at Level 2 shows a developing understanding of the knowledge and skills of the criteria required to practice, but performance is inconsistent over a period of time due to lack of experience, expertise, and/or commitment. This level may be considered minimally competent for teachers or principals early in their careers but insufficient for more experienced teachers or principals. This level requires specific support.

3 Proficient

Professional practice at Level 3 shows evidence of thorough knowledge of all aspects of the profession. This is successful, accomplished, professional, and effective practice. Teaching and leading at this level utilizes a broad repertoire of strategies and activities to support student learning. At this level, teaching and leading a school is strengthened and expanded through purposeful, collaborative sharing and learning with colleagues as well as ongoing self-reflection and professional improvement.

4 Distinguished

Professional practice at the Level 4 is that of a master professional whose practices operate at a qualitatively different level from those of other professional peers. To achieve this rating, a teacher or principal would need to have received a majority of distinguished ratings on the criterion scores. A teacher or principal at this level must show evidence of average to high impact on student growth. Ongoing, reflective teaching and leading is demonstrated through the highest level of expertise and commitment to all students' learning, challenging professional growth, and collaborative practice.

Teacher Evaluation Criteria

- 1. Instructional skill
- 2. Classroom management
- 3. Professional preparation and scholarship
- Effort toward improvement when needed
- 5. Handling of student discipline and attendant problems
- 6. Interest in teaching pupils
- 7. Knowledge of subject matter
- 8. Professional relationships

Current

- 1. Centering instruction on high expectations for student achievement
- 2. Demonstrating effective teaching practices
- 3. Recognizing individual student learning needs and developing strategies to address those needs
- 4. Providing clear and intentional focus on subject matter content and curriculum
- 5. Fostering and managing a safe, positive learning environment
- 6. Using multiple student data elements to modify instruction and improve student learning
- 7. Communicating and collaborating with parents and school community
- 8. Exhibiting collaborative and collegial practices focused on improving instructional practice and student learning

Revised

Criterion Definitions

(Determined by Instructional Framework)

Danielson

3b: Using questioning/prompts and discussion

2b: Establishing a culture for learning

3a: Communicating with Students

5-D (CEL)

- Student Engagement: Quality of questioning
- Student Engagement:Ownership of learning
- Student Engagement: Work of high cognitive demand
- Purpose: Connection to standards and broader purpose
- Student Engagement: Substance of student talk
- Purpose: Communication of standards and learning target

Marzano

The teacher probes incorrect answers of all students in the same manner

- 1. The teacher asks questions of all students with the same frequency and depth
- 2. The teacher demonstrates value and respect for all students.

Added/Moved components

- 1. Students take ownership for their learning.
- 2. The teacher communicates high expectations for learning.

4.4 The teacher develops, aligns and communicates clear learning targets (daily)/goals (long term)

CEL 5D+[™] Teacher Evaluation Rubric 2.0 At a Glance For Use in the 2012-13 School Year – Version 1.1

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Criterion 1	Criterion 2	Criterion 3
Centering instruction on high expectations for student achievement.	Demonstrating effective teaching practices.	Recognizing individual student learning needs and developing strategies to address those needs.
 <i>Purpose</i> P1: Connection to standards, broader purpose and transferable skill P4: Communication of learning target(s) P5: Success criteria and performance task(s) <i>Student Engagement</i> SE3: Work of high cognitive demand <i>Classroom Environment & Culture</i> CEC3: Discussion, collaboration and accountability 	Student Engagement SE1: Quality of questioning SE5: Expectation, support and opportunity for participation and meaning making SE6: Substance of student talk Curriculum & Pedagogy CP6: Scaffolds the task CP7: Gradual release of responsibility	PurposeP3: Teaching point(s) are based on students' learning needsStudent EngagementSE2: Ownership of learningSE4: Strategies that capitalize on learning needs of studentsCurriculum & PedagogyCP5: Differentiated instructionAssessment for Student Learning assessment dataStudent GrowthSG 3.1: Establish Student Growth Goal(s)SG 3.2: Achievement of Student Growth Goal(s)

CEL 5D+[™] Teacher Evaluation Rubric 2.0 by Washington State Criteria For Use in the 2012-13 School Year – Version 1.1

Criterion 1: Centering instruction on high expectations for student achievement.

P1 Purpose – Standards: Connection to standards, broader purpose and transferable skill

Unsatisfactory	Basic	Proficient	Distinguished
The lesson is not based on grade level standards. There are no learning targets aligned to the standard. The lesson does not link to broader purpose or a transferable skill.	The lesson is based on grade level standards and the learning target(s) align to the standard. The lesson is occasionally linked to broader purpose or a transferable skill.	The lesson is based on grade level standards and the learning target(s) align to the standard. The lesson is frequently linked to broader purpose or a transferable skill.	The lesson is based on grade level standards and the learning target(s) align to the standard. The lesson is consistently linked to broader purpose or a transferable skill.

P4 Purpose - Learning Target: Communication of learning target(s)

Unsatisfactory	Basic	Proficient	Distinguished
Teacher rarely or never states or communicates with students about the learning target(s).	Teacher states the learning target(s) at the beginning of each lesson.	Teacher communicates the learning target(s) through verbal and visual strategies and checks for student understanding of what the target(s) are.	Teacher communicates the learning target(s) through verbal and visual strategies, checks for student understanding of what the target(s) are and references the target throughout instruction.

P5 Purpose - Learning Target: Success criteria and performance task(s)

Major Changes

Student growth data

- State still clarifying
- Multiple measures
- Relevant to teacher and subject matter
- Classroom-based, school-based, districtbased, and/or statebased
- Change in student achievement between two points in time

Current

New

Example of Growth Measures: Anacortes

- Possible tools to demonstrate student growth include:
 - DRA
 - Writing rubrics with samples
 - Fluency Growth
 - Fitness Testing
 - MAPS
 - District & classroom pre and post tests
 - EDMA
 - Grade level growth rubrics
 - Inquiry based approach to student data
 - Academic behavior data
 - Social/emotional growth data
 - Formative classroom based assessment developed to show growth.
 - Fine arts rubrics
 - Performance Assessments



Major Changes

 Seniority has a stronger influence in reduction in force decisions

- Evaluation Score
 - Based on criterion scores, including instructional and student growth rubrics
 - State will determine common methodology for overall summative score
- Evaluations will be used to make decisions in assignment and reduction in force

Current

New

Major Changes

 Three-year provisional status for all teachers, then tenure

More due process rights

- Teachers with more than five years experience who receive an Unsatisfactory (1) or a Basic (2) rating for two consecutive years are placed on probation
- Fewer due process rights

Current

New

Challenges

- Accounting for variables in teaching assignments
- Teachers who have been involuntarily transferred or reassigned
- Confusion during the transition and continuation of two separate evaluation systems (nonclassroom teachers, specialists)
- Time and funds to implement
- Inter-rater reliability
- Professional training and development
- Role of student and parent input
- Communication of new evaluation system to community
- Support for provisional and veteran teachers

Next Steps

Implementation Schedule

- 2012/2013
 - Joint District/OHEA Committee

OHEA		OHSD			
Peter Szalai	President	Rick Schulte	Superintendent		
Amy Coleman	Lead Bargainer	Kurt Schonberg	HR Director		
April Billiter	Secondary Teacher	Dwight Lundstrom	Secondary Principal		
Jane Johnson	Elementary Teacher	Laura Aesoph	Elementary Principal		

- Choose instructional framework
- Determine phase-in schedule
- Agree on the issue of student growth data in evaluation
- Decide how evaluation scores will be used in assignment and reduction in force decisions

Next Steps

- 2012/2013
 - Communication to stakeholders
 - OHEA survey
 - Presentations in buildings
 - Other? Building conversations?
 - TPEP-RIG process (ends in January)
 - Bargaining in April; evaluation changes ratified for September 2013
- 2013/2014
 - New, probationary teachers, and up to one-third of teachers evaluated by new system
- 2014/2015
 - Another one-third of teachers evaluated by new system
- 2015/2016
 - Final third of teachers evaluated by new system

Next Steps

Implementation Schedule

	Focused	Comprehensive
2013/2014		1/3 of teachers—group A
2014/2015	Group A	1/3 of teachers—group B
2015/2016	Groups A and B	1/3 of teachers—group C
2016/2017	Groups A, B and C	
2017/2018	Groups B and C	Group A

Group A has to include all provisional and probationary teachers and up to one-third of the entire teaching staff. We will be seeking volunteers who in exchange for early participation will automatically receive a minimum summative score of a 3 or some other accommodation.

Questions? and References http://tpep-wa.org/

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- TPEP Update PowerPoint
- OSPI Release TPEP Update Bulletin
- Student Growth Rubrics Corrected
- Statewide Evaluation Perception and

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- state's students
- instructional framework