P3 Purpose - Teaching Point: Teaching point(s) are based on students' learning needs		
Actions	 Proficient Teacher mentions how lesson is connected to previous lessons or experiences for whole class. For groups of students address background, knowledge, culture and language. 	 Distinguished Lesson is differentiated for student achievement levels. Adding in language objectives. For groups and individuals address background, knowledge, culture and language.
Evidence	 Previous assignments (assessment data) that determines next steps for instruction (whole class with some small group). Example: writing process – who is ready for mini lessons on word choice, etc., who needs reteach on topic sentences? Teaching point(s) address students ability to work together 	 Data from previous assignments or pretests showing what individual students need. Teacher conferences with individual students Students set goals & next steps Differentiation Opportunity for extension for those that are ready Teaching points align with instruction and differentiate as appropriate. Students know their "plop"

12/14/12 Page 1 of 7

SE2 S	E2 Student Engagement - Intellectual Work: Ownership of learning		
Actions	Proficient • Giving students choices • Giving students control over their learning	Distinguished Giving student choices Giving students control over their learning Giving students leadership over group learning Giving students independence over projects Students have learned cooperative group strategies	
Evidence	 Students choosing a book they want Students chose topic to study Students choose method to demonstrate their learning 	 Distinguished Students choosing a book they want Students choose topic to study Students lead book club Students work on independent projects Students lead discussions Students are using cooperative group strategies Students use strategies when making choices that moves them towards learning target. 	

12/14/12 Page 2 of 7

SE4 Student Engagement - Engagement Strategies: Strategies that capitalize on learning needs of students		
	Proficient	Distinguished
Actions	 Teacher selects student groups based on individual learning needs. Teacher asks students to go home and gather information from family on a topic and share back. 	Students have choice in their groupings
	Proficient	Distinguished
Evidence	 Pairs of students present their ideas to class Teams of students present their ideas to class Students explain to each other before sharing out. 	 Groups are responsible for seeing that everyone has input. Individual focus as well as group.

12/14/12 Page 3 of 7

CP5 Curriculum & Pedagogy - Teaching Approaches and/or Strategies: Differentiated instruction		
Actions	 Proficient Teacher frequently uses differentiated strategies: Teacher explains a math procedure, provides 2 or 3 different worksheets with varying levels of difficulty. Teacher gives each student a worksheet based on recent assessment data. Teacher has problem-solving strategies posted on the wall. 	 Distinguished Teacher uses probing questions with targeted groups of students Students are provided with stems to support writing and reading responses
Evidence	 Student worksheets at different difficulty levels. Alternatives to worksheets are provided: manipulatives, performance tasks. Students write which strategies they used based on the wall posters. Student choice is important – protocols for choice Learning styles addressed: Tools, resources are available Student proficiency with tools is documented on charts Tape recorders = oral/aural Markers, chart paper or alternative product Levelled texts, text sets, photographs are organized and labeled. 	 Students engage with the teacher and other students about how and when to use specific problem-solving strategies (reflective) Lessons & assignments differentiated on a regular basis. Lesson plans with differentiated strategies and student names or groups attached. Student sheets on which are their self-identified learning styles/needs

12/14/12 Page 4 of 7

A6 A	ssessment for Student Learning - Adjustments:	Teacher use of formative assessment data
Actions	 Proficient Teacher uses formative assessment strategies during lesson, and after lesson: exit notes, clickers, white boards, thumbs up, mini writes, graphic organizers to show understanding of connections/higher order thinking, to plan for subsequent lessons. Teacher asks focused, probing questions. 	Teacher plans differentiated lessons and makes adjustments mid-lesson, based on formative assessment results. Students use formative assessment results to identify personal learning goals Monitor and adjust
Evidence	 Proficient Formative assessment tools are easily accessible to students Charts, graphs with student names, targets, and assessment results Scope and sequence/pacing guide notes in lesson plans include notes about adjustments based on formative assessment Student group charts show flexible membership based on formative assessments Students receive feedback from teacher 	 Students join small groups based on the learning needs they have identified – charts with student names entered by students. Student self-reflection passages about their progress achievements and on-going targets Students analyze feedback from teacher and decide how to incorporate it into the final product.

12/14/12 Page 5 of 7

Stude	Student Growth 3.1: Establish Student Growth Goal(s)		
Actions	 Proficient Flexible goals that allow for adjustment as needed based on student need and or achievement. Goals based on AMO targets/grade level targets 	School community and parents included in collaboration effort to determine growth goals. Goals continue to be monitored and adjusted.	
Evidence	 Proficient Dated re-visitation of goals for students As students reach or nearly reach a given goal a new target is set to continue providing high expectations Sources of data - state approved Student growth sheets which record scores and show progress 	 Distinguished Goals are not isolated or stand alone, they are cross/curricular, involving more than one adult/mentor. Student self assessment information included in the equation. 	

12/14/12 Page 6 of 7

Stude	Student Growth 3.2: Achievement of Student Growth Goal(s)		
Actions	 Use of summative, formative, and benchmark assessments to document student growth. There is clear evidence of growth for most students. Use of classroom based assessments A reoccurring process to identify students needs, selecting appropriate interventions, monitor progress and determine effectiveness. Clear evidence of growth for most students. 	 Use of summative, formative and benchmark assessments to demonstrate high levels of learning Use of classroom based assessments A reviewing process used to identify student needs, select appropriate interventions, monitor progress and determine effectiveness. Clear evidence of high growth for nearly all students. 	
Evidence	 Pre & Post test/assessments reflects skills and knowledge gained over time that most students have expressed growth. Documentation of the process Charts of student scores on targets Charts include growth targets Charts note date of changes in intervention when growth was not occurring. 	 Distinguished Pre & Post test/assessments reflects skills and knowledge gained over time that nearly all students have experience high levels of growth. Documentation of the process Growth/achievement data for the whole class. 	

12/14/12 Page 7 of 7